



# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
United States Patent and Trademark Office  
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450  
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/825,964	04/15/2004	Kenneth T. Heruth	1023-360US01	8232
28863	7590	03/23/2009		
SHUMAKER & SIEFFERT, P. A. 1625 RADIO DRIVE SUITE 300 WOODBURY, MN 55125			EXAMINER SMITH, FANGEMONIQUE A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3736	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/23/2009	ELECTRONIC

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

pairedocketing@ssiplaw.com



Continuation of Attachment(s) 3). Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08), Paper No(s)/Mail Date :9/5/08, 10/22/08, 11/20/08, 1/15/09, 2/13/09, 3/12/09.

Art Unit: 3736

### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This Office Action is responsive to the Remarks filed on January 5, 2009. Examiner acknowledges the amendment of claims 20-23, 26, 28, 29, 35-38, 40, 43, 53, 55, 57, 59-61, 72 and 73; and the cancellation of claims 19, 24, 25, 39, 41, 42, 54 and 56. Claims 20-23, 26-33, 35-38, 40, 43-45, 53, 55, 57-62, 72 and 73 are pending.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 20-23, 26-33, 35-38, 40, 43-45, 53, 55, 57-62, 72 and 73 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hatlestad et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication Number 2005/0042589 A1) in view of Koh et al. (U.S Patent Number 7,207,947).

In regard to claims 20-23, 26-33, 35-38, 40, 43-45, 53, 55, 57-62, 72 and 73, Hatlestad et al. disclose a sleep quality data collection and evaluation device which assess sleep quality based on detected physiological or non-physiological patient conditions. The medical device disclosed by Hatlestad et al. comprises a plurality of sensors which generate a signal as a function of at least one physiological parameter of a patient (paragraphs [0066]-[0070]). The device also includes an implantable device and a microprocessor with memory. The microprocessor monitors a plurality of physiological parameters of the patient based on the signals output by the sensors (paragraphs [0066]-[0082]). The Hatlestad et al. device determines a value of a sleep metric that

Art Unit: 3736

indicates a probability of the patient being asleep based on the physiological parameters.

Hatlestad et al. disclose using the device to monitor respiratory rates and blood oxygen saturation levels of a patient (paragraphs [0062]-[0081]). The microprocessor disclosed by Hatlestad et al. determines variability and a mean value of at least one of the physiological parameters and determines sleep metric values from the information gathered (paragraphs [0135]-[0162]). The system then determines a value of an overall sleep metric based the values of the plurality of sleep metrics and determines the value of the overall sleep metric by averaging the values of the plurality of sleep metrics (paragraphs [0090]-[0103]). Hatlestad et al. further disclose the device including a memory used to store threshold values, wherein the processor compares the value of the sleep metrics to the threshold values and determines whether the patient is asleep based on the comparison (paragraphs [0080]-[0103]). Hatlestad et al. disclose a means for monitoring a plurality of physiological parameters of a patient and a means for determining a value of a sleep metric indicates based on the physiological parameters. The Hatlestad et al. device further includes a means for generating at least one signal as a function of the physiological parameters, wherein the means for monitoring comprises means for monitoring the physiological parameters based on the signal. The means for determining a sleep metric expressed by Hatlestad et al. comprises means for determining a value for each of a plurality of sleep metrics, each of the plurality of values determined based on a respective one of the physiological parameters (paragraphs [0135]-[0162]). The device determines a value of a sleep metric by determining a value of an overall sleep metric based the values of the plurality of sleep metrics and a comparison of the value of the sleep metric to a threshold value. Additionally, Hatlestad et al. disclose a means for delivering a therapy to the patient and means for controlling delivery of a

Art Unit: 3736

therapy to the patient by the therapy delivery means based on the determination of whether the patient is asleep. The Hatlestad et al. device has a storage mechanism for storing values to access at a later time. Hatlestad et al. suggest the implantable medical device may be an implantable neurostimulator (paragraph [0059]). In regard to the claims, Hatlestad et al. disclose the features of the Applicant's invention as described above. Although Hatlestad et al. disclose the use of the sensors and processor to determine a sleep state including arousal of the patient, the Hatlestad et al. reference does not specifically disclose how the sleep metric values indicate a non-binary probability of the sleep state of the patient. Koh et al. disclose a system and method for detecting circadian states using an implantable medical device. The system disclosed by Koh et al. includes determining several blood carbon dioxide and other parameters to detect circadian states of a patient including  $pCO_2$  levels per breathing cycle, end tidal  $CO_2$ , minute ventilation and activity levels. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the Applicants' invention was made to modify a sleep quality data collection and evaluation device which assess sleep quality based on detected physiological or non-physiological patient conditions, similar to that disclosed by Hatlestad et al., to include a device which delivers a sleep metric value which indicates a non-binary probability of the sleep state of the patient, similar to that disclosed by Koh et al., to provide a method which includes several parameters to assist with determining the sleep state of a patient.

### ***Response to Arguments***

4. Applicant argues the prior art references fail to disclose an implantable device, which returns a non-binary sleep metric indicating a probability of a patient being asleep. Applicant's

Art Unit: 3736

arguments filed January 5, 2009 with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

### ***Conclusion***

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Fangemonique Smith whose telephone number is 571-272-8160. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon - Fri 8am - 4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Max Hindenburg can be reached on 571-272-4726. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

FS

/Max Hindenburg/

Application/Control Number: 10/825,964

Page 6

Art Unit: 3736

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3736